

## **Alcohol Free Hand & Skin Sanitizer**

## **Q** What is Defensive™ Alcohol-Free, Foaming Hand & Skin Sanitizer?

A Defensive™ Alcohol-Free, Foaming Hand & Skin Sanitizer, based on the active ingredient Benzalkonium chloride, is a unique, Patented formulation featuring exceptional skin feel, conditioning and moisturizing properties. The efficacy of this product has been confirmed to reduce S. aureus 99.999% in as little as 15 seconds. Because we do not use ethyl alcohol, our product is non-flammable and non-drying to the skin. In addition, unlike alcohol-based products, Defensive™ does not require polymers or thickeners and as a result your skin does not feel sticky and your pores do not become clogged. Defensive™ Foaming Hand & Skin Sanitizer is in compliance with the FDA Final Tentative Monograph for OTC Hand Sanitizer preparations (leave-on sanitizers not requiring a rinse). Defensive™ Foaming Hand & Skin Sanitizer is shipped from our FDA Registered Establishment. Defensive™ Foaming Hand & Skin Sanitizer is NSF Registered and Approved under Category E3 for Food Handlers and is effective on MRSA & CA-MRSA.

### **Q** Why Benzalkonium chloride-based Hand Sanitizers?

A Benzalkonium chloride-based Hand Sanitizers have distinct advantages over gelled alcohol hand sanitizers. While both product forms are FDA Monograph for "leave on" products, fast acting and allow for use without water or towels, Benzalkonium chloride based products are non-flammable, less drying to skin, and will not stain clothing. Published studies report that gelled alcohol gel hand sanitizers actually make the skin more contaminated, not cleaner, due to removal of protective natural skin oils and entrapment of dead skin cells by the polymer thickeners used in the gelled alcohol products. Benzalkonium chloride is a quaternary active ingredient with a history of use in leave-on, FDA Monograph anti-bacterial skin treatment products. Leave-on Hand Sanitizers should not be used as a substitute for proper hand washing and hygiene practices.

## **Q** What makes Defensive™ Alcohol-Free, Foaming Hand & Skin Sanitizer unique?

A Patented Defensive™ Alcohol-Free, Foaming Hand & Skin Sanitizer produces a fast drying, non-sticky foam that contains unique conditioning and moisturizing ingredients, leaves the skin with a soft, silky after-feel, and does not contain polymer thickeners or silicones.

### **Q** How Safe is Defensive<sup>™</sup> Alcohol-Free, Foaming Hand & Skin Sanitizer?

**A** Defensive<sup>™</sup> Alcohol-Free, Foaming Hand & Skin Sanitizer is very effective at reducing bacteria on the skin, yet very gentle on the skin and eyes as the Toxicity Profile below indicates:

| Toxicity Profile for Foaming Hand & Skin Sanitizer |                         |  |  |  |  |
|--|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Acute Oral LD50                                    | >5.0 g/kg, Category IV  |  |  |  |  |
| Acute Dermal LD50                                  | >2.0 g/kg, Category III |  |  |  |  |
| Eye Irritation                                     | Category III            |  |  |  |  |
| Skin Irritation                                    | Category IV             |  |  |  |  |
| Sensitization                                      | Not a Skin Sensitizer   |  |  |  |  |

# Q What are the affects of long-term, repeated use?

A In published studies, Benzalkonium chloride based Hand Sanitizers outperform alcohol-based products for long-term effectiveness. Alcohol-based products evaporate very quickly and are no longer effective after they are dry. Benzalkonium chloride remains active on the surface of the skin, continuing to kill bacteria for hours. Defensive™ Foam Hand & Skin Sanitizer actually gets better with repeated use!

## Q What about efficacy?

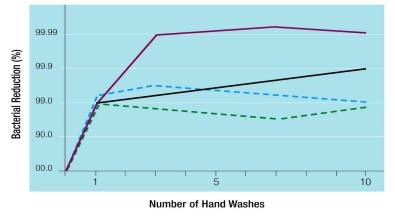
A Defensive<sup>™</sup> Foam Hand & Skin Sanitizer is very effective against a broad range of pathogenic bacteria in as little as 15 seconds as the Chlorine Equivalency and Time Kill Data illustrate (see Pages 3-4).

### Q Don't hand sanitizers increase the likelihood of antibiotic resistance?

A Defensive™ Foam Hand & Skin Sanitizer is a broad-spectrum sanitizer with efficacy proven across a wide range of bacteria. Unlike antibiotics, topical sanitizers do not attempt to selectively eliminate only certain bacteria. The active ingredient causes the cell wall to lose electromagnetic bonds – rupturing the cell wall. This is very important because most in the medical community today believe that the recent proliferation of the "super bugs" and the anti-biotic resistant strains of bacteria are directly a result of this attempt to be selective in the elimination of some bacteria while sparing others. Defensive™ Foam Hand & Skin Sanitizer is designed to eliminate all bacteria on the skin. While some useful or harmless bacteria may be removed, this is essential in preventing mutations into "super bugs".

#### **Active Ingredient Effectiveness\***

Benzalkonium Chloride vs. Ethyl Alcohol



FDA Minimum Standard
Benzalkonium Chloride
- - - 62% Ethyl Alcohol
- 70% Ethyl Alcohol

\*SOURCE: AORN Journal, August 1998

Benzalkonium Chloride, a quaternary ammonium compound used for decades as a topical anti-microbial, is proven to be effective against a wide range of bacteria, fungi and viruses such as Staph, E. Coli, Athlete's Foot Fungus, Influenza, HIV and Hepatitus.

## Q Any special handling considerations?

**A** Defensive<sup>™</sup> Foam Hand & Skin Sanitizer is a stable, water-based system. Care should be taken to avoid freezing. The shelf life of the product exceeds 24 months if kept in moderate conditions.

# O Is there a Time Kill Study for Defensive™ Foam Hand & Skin Sanitizer?

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| rganism   | Test Population<br>Control (CFU/mL) | Number of<br>Survivors  | % Reduction           | Log Reduction            |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| his study is designed to examine the rate of kill of a test sub<br>duction and log reduction of the test organism. Exposure tin |                                     | n with a test orgai     | nism. Results are exp | ressed in percent        |
| ampylobacter jejuni<br>ATCC 29428   | 1.02 x 10 <sup>7</sup>              | $< 1.0 \times 10^{2}$   | > 99.999              | > 5.00 Log <sup>10</sup> |
| andida albicans<br>FCC 10231  | 1.60 x 10 <sup>5</sup>              | 6.0 x 10 <sup>3</sup>   | 96.30                 | 1.42 Log <sup>10</sup>   |
| ostridium difficile (C. Diff. Veg)<br>ATCC 9689   | 3.40 x 10 <sup>6</sup>              | < 2.0                   | > 99.9999             | > 6.20 Log <sup>10</sup> |
| nterococcus faecalis (VRE)<br>ATCC 51575 (Vancomycin Resistant)   | 1.12 x 10 <sup>6</sup>              | 3.2 x 10 <sup>1</sup>   | 99.99                 | 4.54 Log <sup>10</sup>   |
| scherichia coli<br>ATCC 11229   | 3.80 x 10 <sup>6</sup>              | 4.0                     | 99.999                | 6.00 Log <sup>10</sup>   |
| scherichia coli 0157:H7<br>ATCC 35150   | 1.26 x 10 <sup>6</sup>              | < 2.0                   | > 99.999              | > 5.80 Log <sup>10</sup> |
| ebsiella pneumoniae<br>ATCC 4352  | 1.10 x 10 <sup>6</sup>              | 2.0                     | 99.999                | 5.70 Log <sup>10</sup>   |
| ebsiella pneumoniae (NDM-1 positive)<br>CDC 1000527 ("New Delhi" superstrain)   | 7.40 x 10 <sup>5</sup>              | < 5.0                   | > 99.9999             | > 5.20 Log <sup>10</sup> |
| steria monocytogenes<br>ATCC 19117  | 4.70 x 10 <sup>6</sup>              | 1.9 x 10 <sup>3</sup>   | 99.90                 | 3.39 Log <sup>10</sup>   |
| seudomonas aeruginosa<br>ATCC 15442   | 3.50 x 10 <sup>6</sup>              | < 2.0                   | 99.9999               | > 6.20 Log <sup>10</sup> |
| almonella choleraesuis serotype enteritidis<br>ATCC 4931  | 6.80 x 10 <sup>5</sup>              | 2.0                     | > 99.999              | > 5.50 Log <sup>10</sup> |
| almonella choleraesuis serotype paratyphi<br>ATCC 8759  | 5.60 x 10 <sup>5</sup>              | < 2.0                   | > 99.999              | > 5.50 Log <sup>10</sup> |
| almonella choleraesuis serotype pullorum<br>ATCC 19945  | 8.90 x 10 <sup>5</sup>              | < 2.0                   | > 99.999              | > 5.70 Log <sup>10</sup> |
| almonella choleraesuis serotype typhimurium<br>ATCC 23564   | 7.70 x 10 <sup>5</sup>              | 6.0                     | > 99.999              | > 5.10 Log <sup>10</sup> |
| almonella typhi<br>ATCC 6539  | 1.27 x 10 <sup>6</sup>              | 2.0                     | 99.999                | > 5.80 Log <sup>10</sup> |
| nigella dysenteriae<br>ATCC 13313   | 1.30 x 10 <sup>6</sup>              | < 2.0                   | > 99.999              | 5.80 Log <sup>10</sup>   |
| nigella flexneri<br>ATCC 12022  | 1.39 x 10 <sup>6</sup>              | 2.8 x 10 <sup>1</sup>   | 99.99                 | 4.69 Log <sup>10</sup>   |
| nigella sonnei<br>ATCC 25931  | 2.43 x 10 <sup>7</sup>              | < 2.0 x 10 <sup>1</sup> | 99.9999               | 6.09 Log <sup>10</sup>   |
| aphylococcus aureus<br>ATCC 6538  | 6.70 x 10 <sup>6</sup>              | < 2.0                   | > 99.9999             | > 6.53 Log <sup>10</sup> |
| aphylococcus aureus (MRSA)<br>ATCC 33592 (Methicillin Resistant, aka HA-MRSA)   | 1.23 x 10 <sup>7</sup>              | 3.8 x 10 <sup>3</sup>   | > 99.9                | 3.51 Log <sup>10</sup>   |
| aphylococcus aureus (CA-MRSA)<br>Community Acquired Methicillin Resistant (USA 400)   | 1.18 x 10 <sup>6</sup>              | 5.8 x 10 <sup>2</sup>   | > 99.9                | > 3.30 Log <sup>10</sup> |

# Q

### Is there a Time Kill Study for Defensive™ Foam Hand & Skin Sanitizer? (continued)

### A

| Organism  | Test Population<br>Control (CFU/mL) | Number of<br>Survivors | % Reduction | Log Reduction            |  |  |  |  |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| This study is designed to examine the rate of kill of a test substance after inoculation with a test organism. Results are expressed in percent reduction and log reduction of the test organism. Exposure time = 15 seconds. |                                     |                        |             |                          |  |  |  |  |
| Staphylococcus epidermidis  ATCC 12228  | 7.20 x 10 <sup>5</sup>              | < 2.0                  | 99.999      | > 5.56 Log <sup>10</sup> |  |  |  |  |
| Streptococcus pneumonia<br>ATCC 6305  | 6.40 x 10 <sup>5</sup>              | < 2.0                  | > 99.999    | > 5.51 Log <sup>10</sup> |  |  |  |  |
| Streptococcus pyogenes ATCC 19615   | 1.77 x 10 <sup>6</sup>              | < 2.0                  | > 99.999    | > 5.90 Log <sup>10</sup> |  |  |  |  |
| Vibrio cholera<br>ATCC 11623  | 4.70 x 10 <sup>5</sup>              | < 2.0                  | > 99.999    | > 5.40 Log <sup>10</sup> |  |  |  |  |
| Xanthomonas axonopodis<br>ATCC 49118 (Citrus Canker)  | 1.28 x 10 <sup>6</sup>              | 3.6 x 10 <sup>1</sup>  | > 99.99     | 4.55 Log <sup>10</sup>   |  |  |  |  |
| Yersinia enterocolitica<br>ATCC 23715   | 2.23 x 10 <sup>6</sup>              | 3.8 x 10 <sup>1</sup>  | 99.99       | 4.77 Log <sup>10</sup>   |  |  |  |  |

## What sizes are available?

- $\mathbf{A}$
- 50 mL (1.7 oz.) Personal Size: Approximately 120 uses per bottle and is TSA Compliant.
- 210 mL (7.1 oz) Family/Group Size: Approximately 500 uses per bottle.
- 1000 mL (33.8oz.) Wall Dispenser: Approximately **2400** uses per replaceable cartridge.

## **Q** What are some key product features?

- A
- More than 3 times yield over alcohol based gel sanitizers... 60+ Uses per ounce vs. 15 uses per ounce.
- Non-Drying and Sting Free
- Residual Efficacy
- Non-Flammable
- No-Drip Foam
- Better Value





